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Claims of Niedersacheen Government to Ownership of Volksvagenworks (From Neutrandum of May 29, 1957 from American Commulate General: Namburg)

Miedersachsen Finance Minister Koch (CDU) is the principal advecate of the claim. He and his staff base their claim in the name of the Niedersachsen Government on Allied Control Council Law No. 2, ACO Directive No. 50, British Hilitary Government Regulation 192 and British High Commissioner Regulation No. 254. The legal arguments supporting the claim and procedents cited are roughly as follows:

The Volkswagenwerke was established by the Deutsche Arbeitsfront (DAF), a Masi successor organization to the trade unions. The DAF itself, however, was not a juridical person but founded two G.m.b.M. to administer all DAF property. One, the <u>Traubandessellschaft fuer virtschaftliche Unternehmungen</u>, was capitalized at DM 5 million, the other at DM 155 million. Both were involved in the financing of Volkswagenwerke. Since the two G.m.b.M. were established by DAF to administer property it had seized or developed, Volkswagenwerke was wholly DAF and hence MSDAP property. According to Oberregierungerat Diestel (spokesman for Niedersachsen Finance Minister) Federal Finance Minister Schaeffer concurred in this view in July 1953.

Control Council Law No. 2 provides for dissolution of HSDAP organizations (including DAF, and by implication Volkswagenworks). There are a number of examples where similarly owned DAF subsidiaries such as Doutsche Bau A.G. were dissolved. Existing assets of such firms were placed under trusteeship. ACC Directive No. 50 provided for transfer of Nazi properties to persons or organizations having claims thereto.

Such transfers were made by military commanders in the name of Allied authorities. Thus for instance, part of the DAF assets were returned to the Konsumgesellschaft. Property for which no claimants could be found was transferred to the Land in which located in accordance with ACC Directive No. 50. The individual Laender then assumed all liabilities outstanding against such transferred properties.

In 1953 Niedersachsen appealed to the Military Government R.O.R. at Celle for transfer of Volksvagenwerke to Land Miedersachsen. The R.O.R. forwarded this appeal to the Internal Restitution Section. The High Commissioner reserved the decision for himself. No decision was made prior to the coming into force of British Migh Commissioner Regulation No. 254 of June 13, 1954, dissolving R.O.R. Article 3 of Regulation No. 254 provides for the transfer to claimants of all properties still outstanding. On this basis Volksvagenwerke would have passed to Land Miedersachsen but the decision was nover implemented. Miedersachsen acquired other properties under terms of Article 3, Regulation No. 254 so the precedent exists

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for the Volksvegenwerke transfer. Ho one has ever seriously contested the view that Volksvegenwerke was DAF property.

It appears to be the aim of the Niedersachsen Finance Minister to win over the Landtag to pressing this claim against the Federal Government before anything can be done to implement the CDU/CSU draft law to turn Volkswagenwerke over to private control and sell Volksaktien in the firm. The legal basis of Miedersachsen's claim appears to be good enough to merit serious consideration. It is very likely that Finance Minister Koch would be as surprised as anyone to see Volkswagenwerke eventually end up in the sole possession of Land Miedersachsen. However, he has been very hard pressed to balance the Miedersachsen budget for the fiscal year beginning April 1, 1957. Debate on the budget is still occupying a large portion of the time of the Landtag. Even with sharp cuts the budget could not be balanced without Federal aid. Whereas the Land Government was hopeful of getting some MI 140 million from the Federal Government, it actually will receive only about MI 90 million with a one year more torium to cover the balance.

Land to the various communities and smaller administrative units within the Land. The refugee problem, school and housing construction costs and other financial burdens threaten the Land with a continuing financial crisis. A reliable source has vonfirmed that the Finance Minister hopes to force the Federal Government to agree to a generous settlement in return for dropping Micdersacheen's claim and clearing the way for implementation of the CDU/CSU draft law. The chances of bringing the deal off appear to be fair since a good deal of political capital could be made for and by the CDU on both the Federal and Land levels if the way could be cleared for the rapid implementation of the CDU/CSU draft law.